## Fast, matrix-free matrix-vector product with the Loewner matrix

The Loewner framework is one of the most successful data-driven model order reduction techniques. Given k right interpolation data and h left interpolation data, the standard layout of this approach is composed of two stages.

First, the  $kh \times kh$  Loewner matrix  $\mathbb{L}$  and shifted Loewner matrix  $\mathbb{L}_s$  are constructed. Then, an SVD of  $\mathbb{L}_s - \gamma \mathbb{L}$ ,  $\gamma \in \mathbb{C}$  belonging to one of the data sets, provides the projection matrices used to compute the sought reduced model.

These two steps become numerically challenging for large k and h in terms of both computational time and storage demand.

We show how the structure of  $\mathbb{L}$  and  $\mathbb{L}_s$  can be exploited to reduce the cost of performing  $(\mathbb{L}_s - \gamma \mathbb{L})x$  while avoiding the explicit allocation of  $\mathbb{L}$  and  $\mathbb{L}_s$ .

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